Senate File 487 - Reprinted

SENATE FILE 487

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE

GOVERNMENT

(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 1046)

(As Amended and Passed by the Senate March 17, 2021)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the operation of state government,
- 2 including the review of state boards and the regulation of
- 3 professions and occupations, and including effective date
- 4 and applicability provisions.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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1 DIVISION I

- 2 REGULATION OF PROFESSIONS
- 3 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 272C.16 Definitions.
- 4 For the purposes of this subchapter:
- "Health profession board" means an entity regulating,
- 6 licensing, or certifying a profession regulated pursuant to
- 7 Title IV, subtitle 3.
- 8 2. "Nonhealth profession" means a profession regulated by
- 9 this state other than provided in Title IV, subtitle 3.
- 10 3. "Regulated health profession" means a profession
- 11 regulated pursuant to Title IV, subtitle 3.
- 12 4. "Unregulated health profession" means a profession
- 13 pursuant to Title IV, subtitle 3, that is not currently
- 14 regulated by any entity of this state.
- 15 5. "Unregulated nonhealth profession" means a profession
- 16 that is not currently regulated by any entity of this state
- 17 that is not an unregulated health profession.
- 18 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 272C.17 Regulation of unregulated
- 19 health professions.
- 20 1. An unregulated health profession shall not be subject
- 21 to regulation by any entity of this state for the purpose of
- 22 prohibiting competition but only for the exclusive purpose
- 23 of protecting the public health or safety. All proposed
- 24 legislation to regulate an unregulated health profession shall
- 25 be reviewed by the general assembly to determine that all of
- 26 the following conditions are met:
- 27 a. There is credible evidence that the unregulated practice
- 28 of the unregulated health profession will clearly harm or
- 29 endanger the public health or safety and the potential for harm
- 30 is easily recognizable and not remote.
- 31 b. The public needs and can reasonably be expected
- 32 to benefit from an assurance of initial and continuing
- 33 professional ability.
- 34 c. The public cannot be effectively protected by other means
- 35 in a more cost-efficient manner.

- 2. Prior to considering proposed legislation to regulate an
- 2 unregulated health profession for passage to the floor of the
- 3 senate or the house of representatives, a legislative committee
- 4 to which proposed legislation to regulate an unregulated
- 5 health profession has been referred shall consider whether the
- 6 conditions in subsection 1 have been met. If the committee
- 7 finds that the conditions in subsection 1 have been met, the
- 8 committee shall consider whether the legislation is the least
- 9 restrictive method of regulation, as defined in section 4B.1,
- 10 to address the specific harm or danger identified in this
- 11 subsection.
- 12 3. The legislative committee shall submit its findings
- 13 regarding whether the proposed legislation meets the conditions
- 14 in subsections 1 and 2 to the president of the senate or the
- 15 speaker of the house of representatives, who shall make the
- 16 findings available to each member of the general assembly on
- 17 the internet site of the general assembly.
- 18 4. This section does not allow a person to practice an
- 19 unregulated health profession if the profession includes
- 20 practices within the scope of practice of an existing regulated
- 21 health profession.
- 22 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 272C.18 Proposed regulation of
- 23 unregulated health professions written reports.
- 24 1. A member of the general assembly introducing proposed
- 25 legislation to regulate an unregulated health profession
- 26 shall submit with the legislation a report, prepared by the
- 27 legislative services agency, addressing the requirements
- 28 contained in subsection 2. The report shall be submitted to
- 29 the president of the senate or the speaker of the house of
- 30 representatives prior to full consideration of the legislation
- 31 by the senate or the house of representatives and made
- 32 available on the internet site of the general assembly.
- 33 2. The report shall address all of the following and
- 34 identify the source of all information contained in the report:
- 35 a. Why regulation is necessary including all of the

- 1 following:
- 2 (1) The nature of the proven harm to the public if the
- 3 unregulated health profession is not regulated and the extent
- 4 to which there is a threat to the public health or safety.
- 5 (2) The extent of autonomy a practitioner has, as indicated
- 6 by the extent to which the profession calls for the exercise
- 7 of independent judgment and the extent to which a practitioner
- 8 is supervised.
- 9 b. The efforts made to address the problem addressed by the
- 10 legislation including all of the following:
- 11 (1) Voluntary efforts, if any, undertaken by members of the
- 12 profession.
- 13 (2) Recourse to, and the extent of use of, applicable law
- 14 and whether the law could be amended to control the problem.
- 15 c. The alternatives considered including all of the
- 16 following:
- 17 (1) Regulation of business employers or practitioners
- 18 rather than employee practitioners.
- 19 (2) Regulation of the program or service rather than
- 20 individual practitioners.
- 21 (3) Registration of all practitioners.
- 22 (4) Certification of all practitioners.
- 23 (5) Other viable alternatives.
- 24 (6) If licensing is sought, why licensing would serve to
- 25 protect the public health or safety.
- 26 d. The benefit to the public health or safety if regulation
- 27 is granted including all of the following:
- 28 (1) The extent to which the incidence of specific problems
- 29 present in the unregulated health profession can reasonably be
- 30 expected to be reduced by regulation.
- 31 (2) Whether the public can identify qualified
- 32 practitioners.
- 33 (3) The extent to which qualified practitioners are
- 34 competent including all of the following:
- 35 (a) The composition, powers, duties, and practices of the

- 1 proposed regulatory entity.
- 2 (b) Whether current practitioners of an unregulated health
- 3 profession will be allowed to continue to practice and whether
- 4 they will be required to meet the qualifications for the
- 5 regulated health profession.
- 6 (c) The nature of the standards proposed for registration,
- 7 certification, or licensure as compared with the standards in
- 8 other jurisdictions.
- 9 (d) Whether the proposed regulatory entity would be
- 10 authorized to enter into reciprocity agreements with other
- ll jurisdictions.
- 12 (e) The nature and duration of any training and experience
- 13 required, whether applicants will be required to pass an
- 14 examination, and whether there will be alternative methods to
- 15 enter the health profession.
- 16 (4) Assurances to the public that practitioners have
- 17 maintained their competence including all of the following:
- 18 (a) Whether a registration, certificate, or license will
- 19 include an expiration date.
- 20 (b) Whether the renewal of a registration, certificate,
- 21 or license will be based only on payment of a fee or whether
- 22 renewal will involve reexamination, peer review, or other
- 23 enforcement.
- 24 e. The extent to which regulation might harm the public
- 25 including all of the following:
- 26 (1) The extent to which regulation will restrict entry into
- 27 the profession, including whether the proposed standards are
- 28 more restrictive than necessary to ensure a practitioner's safe
- 29 and effective performance in the practice of the profession.
- 30 (2) Whether there are professions similar to the
- 31 unregulated health profession that should be included in, or
- 32 portions of the unregulated health profession that should be
- 33 excluded from, the proposed legislation.
- 34 f. The maintenance of professional standards including all
- 35 of the following:

- 1 (1) Whether effective quality assurance standards exist
- 2 in the profession such as legal requirements associated with
- 3 specific programs that define or enforce standards or a code
- 4 of ethics.
- 5 (2) How the proposed legislation will ensure quality,
- 6 including whether a code of ethics will be adopted and the
- 7 grounds for suspension or revocation of a registration,
- 8 certificate, or license.
- 9 g. A description of the group proposed for regulation,
- 10 including a list of associations, organizations, and other
- 11 professional groups representing practitioners in this state,
- 12 an estimate of the number of practitioners in each professional
- 13 group, and whether the professional groups represent different
- 14 levels of practice.
- 15 h. The expected costs of regulation, including the impact of
- 16 costs on the public and costs imposed on this state.
- 17 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 272C.19 Proposed increased regulation
- 18 of regulated health professions written reports.
- 19 1. A member of the general assembly introducing proposed
- 20 legislation to expand the scope of practice of a regulated
- 21 health profession shall submit with the legislation a report,
- 22 prepared by the legislative services agency, addressing the
- 23 requirements contained in subsection 2. The report shall be
- 24 submitted to the president of the senate or the speaker of the
- 25 house of representatives prior to full consideration of the
- 26 legislation by the senate or the house of representatives and
- 27 made available on the internet site of the general assembly.
- 28 2. The report shall address all of the following and
- 29 identify the source of all information contained in the report:
- 30 a. Why an expanded scope of practice for the regulated
- 31 health profession is beneficial, including the extent to which
- 32 health care consumers need and will benefit from safe, quality
- 33 health care from practitioners within the expanded scope of
- 34 practice.
- 35 b. Whether expanding the scope of practice of practitioners

- 1 in the regulated health profession will require practitioners
- 2 to have didactic and clinical education from accredited
- 3 professional schools or training from recognized programs that
- 4 prepare them to perform within the proposed expanded scope of
- 5 practice, and specific educational or training requirements for
- 6 that proposed expanded scope of practice.
- 7 c. Whether the subject matter of the proposed expanded scope
- 8 of practice is currently tested by nationally recognized and
- 9 accepted examinations for applicants for professional licensure
- 10 and the details of the examination relating to the expanded
- 11 scope of practice.
- 12 d. The extent to which implementing the proposed expanded
- 13 scope of practice may result in savings or a cost to this state
- 14 and to the public.
- 15 e. The relevant regulated health profession licensure laws,
- 16 if any, in this state and other states.
- 17 f. Recommendations, if any, the applicable regulatory entity
- 18 or entities, the department of public health, and accredited
- 19 educational or training programs.
- 20 3. a. Prior to considering proposed legislation to
- 21 expand the scope of practice of a regulated health profession
- 22 for passage to the floor of the senate or the house of
- 23 representatives, a legislative committee to which proposed
- 24 legislation has been referred shall consider all of the
- 25 following:
- 26 (1) Whether the expansion of a regulated health
- 27 profession's scope of practice is only for the purpose of
- 28 protecting the public from a specific harm or danger.
- 29 (2) Whether the addition of adequately trained
- 30 practitioners providing an expanded range of health care
- 31 services will have a beneficial effect on the public and
- 32 increase access to safe, quality health care.
- 33 (3) Whether any changes in the entity regulating the
- 34 regulated health profession are necessary to protect the public
- 35 health or safety.

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- 1 b. The legislative committee shall not consider competition
- 2 with or from other regulated health professions or whether a
- 3 practitioner will be able to obtain health insurance coverage
- 4 for the proposed expanded scope of practice.
- 5 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 272C.20 Continuing education
- 6 requirements evidence of efficacy.
- 7 A member of the general assembly introducing proposed
- 8 legislation to impose or increase a continuing education
- 9 requirement on a regulated health profession shall submit with
- 10 the legislation evidence that such a requirement has proven
- ll effective for the health profession. The evidence shall be
- 12 submitted to the president of the senate or the speaker of the
- 13 house of representatives prior to full consideration of the
- 14 legislation by the senate or the house of representatives and
- 15 made available on the internet site of the general assembly.
- 16 Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **272C.21 Regulation of unregulated**
- 17 nonhealth professions.
- 18 1. An unregulated nonhealth profession shall not be
- 19 regulated except for the exclusive purpose of protecting the
- 20 public health or safety. All proposed legislation to regulate
- 21 an unregulated nonhealth profession shall be reviewed by the
- 22 legislative committee to which the proposed legislation is
- 23 referred to ensure that all of the following requirements are
- 24 met:
- 25 a. The unregulated practice of the nonhealth profession can
- 26 clearly harm the public health or safety.
- 27 b. The actual or anticipated public benefit of the
- 28 regulation clearly exceeds the costs imposed by the regulation
- 29 on consumers, businesses, and individuals.
- 30 c. The public needs and can reasonably be expected
- 31 to benefit from an assurance of initial and continuing
- 32 professional ability.
- 33 d. The public cannot be effectively protected by private
- 34 certification or other alternatives.
- 35 2. If a legislative committee finds that the proposed

- 1 legislation satisfies the conditions in subsection 1, the
- 2 committee shall examine data from multiple sources and shall
- 3 consider evidence of actual harm to the public related to
- 4 the unregulated nonhealth profession being considered for
- 5 regulation. The evidence may include industry association
- 6 data; federal, state, and local government data; business
- 7 reports; complaints to law enforcement, relevant state
- 8 agencies, and the better business bureau; and data from
- 9 agencies in other states with and without similar systems of
- 10 regulation.
- 11 3. If, after consideration of evidence pursuant to
- 12 subsection 2, the legislative committee finds that it is
- 13 necessary to regulate an unregulated nonhealth profession, the
- 14 committee shall review the proposed legislation to determine
- 15 whether it is the least restrictive regulation, as defined in
- 16 section 4B.1, necessary and whether the regulation protects a
- 17 discrete interest group from economic competition.
- 18 4. The legislative committee shall submit its findings
- 19 regarding whether the proposed legislation meets the
- 20 requirements of subsections 1, 2, and 3 to the president of
- 21 the senate or the speaker of the house of representatives, who
- 22 shall make the findings available to each member of the general
- 23 assembly on the internet site of the general assembly.
- 24 5. This section does not allow a person to practice an
- 25 unregulated nonhealth profession if the profession includes
- 26 practices within the scope of practice of an existing regulated
- 27 nonhealth profession.
- 28 Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 272C.22 Proposed regulation of
- 29 unregulated nonhealth professions written reports.
- 30 1. A member of the general assembly introducing legislation
- 31 to regulate an unregulated nonhealth profession shall submit
- 32 with the legislation a report, prepared by the legislative
- 33 services agency, addressing the requirements contained in
- 34 subsection 2. The report shall be submitted to the president
- 35 of the senate or the speaker of the house of representatives

- 1 prior to full consideration of the legislation by the senate or
- 2 the house of representatives and made available on the internet
- 3 site of the general assembly.
- 4 2. The report shall address all of the following and
- 5 identify the source of all information contained in the report:
- 6 a. Why regulation is necessary including what particular
- 7 problem regulation would address.
- 8 b. The efforts made to address the problem.
- 9 c. The alternatives considered.
- 10 d. The benefit to the public health or safety of regulating 11 the profession.
- 12 e. The extent to which regulation might harm the public.
- 13 f. The maintenance of professional standards including all
- 14 of the following:
- 15 (1) Whether effective quality assurance standards exist
- 16 in the profession such as legal requirements associated with
- 17 specific programs that define or enforce standards or a code
- 18 of ethics.
- 19 (2) How the proposed legislation will assure quality
- 20 including the extent to which a code of ethics will be
- 21 adopted and the grounds for the suspension or revocation of a
- 22 registration, certificate, or license.
- 23 q. A description of the profession proposed for regulation,
- 24 including a list of associations, organizations, and other
- 25 professional groups representing practitioners in this state,
- 26 an estimate of the number of practitioners in each profession,
- 27 and whether the professional groups represent different levels
- 28 of practice.
- 29 h. The expected costs of regulation, including the impact of
- 30 costs on the public and costs imposed on this state.
- 31 Sec. 8. REPEAL. Section 3.20, Code 2021, is repealed.
- 32 DIVISION II
- 33 BOARD REVIEWS
- 34 Sec. 9. Section 2.69, subsection 1, Code 2021, is amended
- 35 to read as follows:

- 1 l. A state government efficiency review committee is
- 2 established which shall meet at least every two years to review
- 3 the operations of state government monthly, as necessary,
- 4 to efficiently review all boards according to the schedule
- 5 established by the legislative services agency pursuant to
- 6 section 4A.5. The committee shall meet as directed by the
- 7 legislative council.
- 8 Sec. 10. Section 2.69, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2021,
- 9 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 a. The committee shall consist of three members of the
- 11 senate appointed by the majority leader of the senate, two
- 12 members of the senate appointed by the minority leader of the
- 13 senate, three members of the house of representatives appointed
- 14 by the speaker of the house of representatives, and two members
- 15 of the house of representatives appointed by the minority
- 16 leader of the house of representatives, and one ex officio,
- 17 nonvoting member appointed by the governor.
- 18 Sec. 11. Section 2.69, subsections 4, 5, and 6, Code 2021,
- 19 are amended by striking the subsections.
- 20 Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 4A.1 Definitions.
- 21 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 22 requires:
- "Board" means any board, council, commission, committee,
- 24 panel, review team, or foundation of this state, except that
- 25 "board" does not include a pension board or the Iowa ethics and
- 26 campaign disclosure board created in section 68B.32.
- 27 2. "Board review criteria" means the criteria required to be
- 28 considered under section 4A.3.
- 29 3. "Committee" means the state government efficiency review
- 30 committee created pursuant to section 2.69.
- 31 Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 4A.2 Committee review of boards.
- 32 1. The committee shall carry out the functions provided in
- 33 this chapter.
- 34 2. Administrative assistance shall be provided by the
- 35 legislative services agency and by staff of each caucus of the

- 1 general assembly.
- 2 Sec. 14. NEW SECTION. 4A.3 Board reviews.
- The committee shall review the usefulness, performance,
- 4 and efficacy of each board as provided in subsection 2. The
- 5 committee shall hold hearings to receive the testimony of the
- 6 public and of the chief executive officer of the board. After
- 7 completing a review, the committee shall prepare and publish
- 8 a report of its findings and recommendations as provided in
- 9 section 4A.4.
- 10 2. The legislative services agency shall establish a
- 11 schedule for the committee to review each board such that the
- 12 committee reviews approximately one-fifth of all boards each
- 13 calendar year and each board has been reviewed once between
- 14 the calendar years 2022 and 2027, and once every five years
- 15 thereafter. The committee may modify the schedule as necessary
- 16 to facilitate the efficient administration of the committee.
- 17 3. A board that is scheduled for review shall submit a
- 18 report to the committee thirty days prior to the date that it
- 19 is scheduled for review that includes all of the following
- 20 information:
- 21 a. The board's primary purpose and its goals and objectives.
- 22 b. The board's past and anticipated workload, the number of
- 23 staff required to complete that workload, and the board's total
- 24 number of staff.
- 25 c. The board's past and anticipated budgets and its sources
- 26 of funding.
- 27 d. The number of members that compose the governing board or
- 28 other governing entity of the board and member compensation,
- 29 if any.
- 30 4. A board subject to review shall bear the burden of
- 31 demonstrating to the committee a public need for its continued
- 32 existence. In determining whether a board has met that
- 33 burden, the committee shall consider all of the following, as
- 34 applicable:
- 35 a. Whether continuation of the board is necessary to protect

- 1 the health or safety of the public, and if so, whether the
- 2 board's authority is narrowly tailored to protect against
- 3 present, recognizable, and significant harms to the health or
- 4 safety of the public.
- 5 b. Whether the public could be protected or served in an
- 6 alternate or less restrictive manner.
- 7 c. Whether the board serves a specific private interest.
- 8 d. Whether rules adopted by the board are consistent with
- 9 the legislative mandate of the board as expressed in the
- 10 statutes that created and empowered the board.
- 11 e. The extent to which the board's jurisdiction and programs
- 12 overlap or duplicate those of other boards, the extent to which
- 13 the board coordinates with those other boards, and the extent
- 14 to which the board's programs could be consolidated with the
- 15 programs of other state departments or boards.
- 16 f. The number of other states that regulate the occupation,
- 17 whether a license is required to engage in the occupation in
- 18 other states, whether the initial licensing and license renewal
- 19 requirements for the occupation are substantially equivalent
- 20 in every state, and the amount of regulation exercised by the
- 21 board compared to the regulation, if any, in other states.
- 22 q. Whether the board recognizes national uniform licensure
- 23 requirements for the occupation.
- 24 h. Whether private contractors could be used, in an
- 25 effective and efficient manner, either to assist the board in
- 26 the performance of its duties or to perform the board's duties
- 27 in place of the board.
- 28 i. Whether the operation of the board has inhibited economic
- 29 growth, reduced efficiency, or increased government costs.
- j. An assessment of the authority of the board regarding
- 31 fees, inspections, enforcement, and penalties.
- 32 k. The extent to which the board has permitted qualified
- 33 applicants to serve the public.
- 34 1. The extent to which the board has allowed individuals to
- 35 practice elements of the occupation without a license.

- 1 m. The cost-effectiveness of the board in terms of the
- 2 number of employees, services rendered, and administrative
- 3 costs incurred, both past and present.
- 4 n. Whether the board's operation has been impeded or
- 5 enhanced by existing statutes and procedures and by budgetary,
- 6 resource, and personnel practices.
- 7 o. Whether the board has recommended statutory changes to
- 8 the general assembly that would benefit the public rather than
- 9 the individuals regulated by the board, if any, and whether the
- 10 board's recommendations and other policies have been adopted
- ll and implemented.
- 12 p. Whether the board has required any individuals subject to
- 13 the board's regulations to report to the board the impact of
- 14 board rules and decisions on the public as they affect service
- 15 costs and service delivery.
- 16 q. Whether individuals regulated by the board, if any, have
- 17 been required to assess problems in their business operations
- 18 that affect the public.
- 19 r. Whether the board has encouraged public participation in
- 20 its rulemaking and decision making.
- 21 s. The efficiency with which formal public complaints filed
- 22 with the board have been processed to completion.
- 23 t. Whether the purpose for which the board was created has
- 24 been fulfilled, has changed, or no longer exists.
- 25 u. Whether federal law requires that the board exist in some
- 26 form.
- 27 v. An assessment of the administrative hearing process of
- 28 the board if the board has an administrative hearing process,
- 29 and whether the hearing process is consistent with due process
- 30 rights.
- 31 w. Whether the requirement for an occupational license
- 32 is consistent with the principles expressed in section 4B.2,
- 33 serves the public health or safety, and provides the least
- 34 restrictive form of regulation that adequately protects the
- 35 public health or safety.

- 1 x. The extent to which licensing ensures that practitioners
- 2 have occupational skill sets or competencies that are
- 3 substantially related to protecting consumers from present,
- 4 significant, and substantiated harms that threaten the public
- 5 health or safety, and the impact that those criteria have on
- 6 applicants for a license, particularly those with moderate or
- 7 low incomes, seeking to enter the occupation or profession.
- 8 y. The extent to which the requirement for the occupational
- 9 license stimulates or restricts competition, affects consumer
- 10 choice, and affects the cost of services.
- 11 z. An assessment of whether changes are needed in the
- 12 enabling laws of the board in order for the board to comply
- 13 with the criteria listed in this subsection.
- 14 Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 4A.4 Reports of the committee.
- 1. After completing a review of a board pursuant to section
- 16 4A.3, the committee shall prepare and submit a report of its
- 17 findings and recommendations by December 21 of each year.
- 18 A report may include findings and recommendations for more
- 19 than one board. Copies of the report shall be submitted
- 20 to the president of the senate, the speaker of the house
- 21 of representatives, the governor, and each affected board,
- 22 and shall be made publicly available on the internet site
- 23 of the general assembly. The committee shall present its
- 24 recommendations to the general assembly in the form of a bill.
- 25 2. Recommendations of the committee shall indicate how or
- 26 whether implementation of the recommendations would do each of
- 27 the following:
- 28 a. Improve efficiency in the management of state government.
- 29 b. Improve services rendered to citizens of the state.
- 30 c. Simplify and improve preparation of the state budget.
- 31 d. Conserve the natural resources of the state.
- 32 e. Promote the orderly growth of the state and its
- 33 government.
- 34 f. Promote occupational regulations to increase economic
- 35 opportunities, encourage competition, and encourage innovation.

- 1 g. Provide for the least restrictive regulations by
- 2 repealing current regulations and replacing them with less
- 3 restrictive regulations that are consistent with the principles
- 4 expressed in section 4B.2.
- 5 h. Improve the effectiveness of the services performed by
- 6 the boards of the state.
- 7 i. Avoid duplication of effort by state agencies or boards.
- 8 j. Improve the organization and coordination of the state
- 9 government.
- 10 Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 4A.5 Activities of the general
- 11 assembly not restricted.
- 12 This chapter shall not be construed to restrict the general
- 13 assembly from considering any legislation concerning a board
- 14 subject to this chapter.
- 15 Sec. 17. NEW SECTION. 4A.6 Boards and governmental entities
- 16 dissolution.
- 1. An Act of the general assembly establishing a board after
- 18 the effective date of this Act shall include a dissolution date
- 19 for the board not more than five years after the establishment
- 20 of the board.
- 21 2. An executive order of the governor establishing a
- 22 governmental entity including but not limited to a board shall
- 23 provide for the dissolution of the entity within one year of
- 24 the establishment of the entity or upon the submission of a
- 25 report required by the executive order, whichever is later.
- 26 Sec. 18. NEW SECTION. 4B.1 Definitions.
- 27 For the purposes of this chapter:
- 28 1. "Certification" means a voluntary program in which
- 29 a private organization or the state grants nontransferable
- 30 recognition to an individual who meets personal qualifications
- 31 established by the private organization or state law.
- Lawful occupation means a course of conduct, pursuit,
- 33 or profession that includes the sale of goods or services that
- 34 are not themselves illegal to sell irrespective of whether
- 35 the individual selling the goods or services is subject to an

- 1 occupational regulation.
- 2 3. "Least restrictive regulation" means the public policy of
- 3 relying on one of the following, listed from the least to the
- 4 most restrictive, as a means of consumer protection:
- 5 a. Market competition.
- 6 b. Third-party or consumer-created ratings and reviews.
- 7 c. Private certifications.
- 8 d. Actions under section 714H.5.
- 9 e. Actions under section 714.16.
- 10 f. Regulation of the process of providing the specific goods
- ll or services to consumers.
- 12 g. Inspections.
- 13 h. Bonding or insurance.
- 14 i. Registrations.
- 15 j. Government certifications.
- 16 k. Occupational licenses, including specialty occupational
- 17 licenses for medical reimbursement.
- 18 4. "Occupational license" means a government permission slip
- 19 to work that is a nontransferable authorization in law that an
- 20 individual must possess in order to perform a lawful occupation
- 21 for compensation based on meeting personal qualifications
- 22 established by statute or by a rule authorized by statute.
- 23 "Occupational license" does not include a commercial or other
- 24 driver's license.
- 25 5. "Occupational licensing board" means any board,
- 26 commission, committee, or council, or any other similar state
- 27 public body, and any agency, division, or office of state
- 28 government, that issues an occupational license.
- 29 6. "Occupational regulation" means a statute, policy, rule,
- 30 practice, or other state law requiring an individual to possess
- 31 certain personal qualifications to use an occupational title or
- 32 work in a lawful occupation. "Occupational regulation" includes
- 33 a registration, certification, and occupational license.
- 34 "Occupational regulation" excludes a business license, facility
- 35 license, building permit, or zoning and land use regulation,

- 1 except to the extent those laws regulate an individual's
- 2 personal qualifications to perform a lawful occupation, and
- 3 excludes a commercial or other driver's license.
- 4 7. "Personal qualifications" means criteria related to an
- 5 individual's personal background and characteristics including
- 6 completion of an approved educational program, satisfactory
- 7 performance on an examination, work experience, other evidence
- 8 of attainment of requisite skills or knowledge, moral standing,
- 9 criminal history, and completion of continuing education.
- 10 8. "Registration" means a requirement to give notice to the
- 11 government that may include the individual's name and address,
- 12 the individual's agent for service of process, the location of
- 13 the activity to be performed, and a description of the service
- 14 the individual provides. "Registration" does not include
- 15 personal qualifications but may require a bond or insurance.
- 16 9. "Specialty occupational license for medical reimbursement"
- 17 is a nontransferable authorization in law for an individual
- 18 to qualify for payment or reimbursement from a government
- 19 agency for providing identified medical services based on
- 20 meeting personal qualifications established in law which may be
- 21 recognized by a private company.
- 22 Sec. 19. NEW SECTION. 4B.2 Occupational regulation
- 23 principles.
- 24 With respect to the occupational regulation of individuals,
- 25 all of the following shall be policies of this state:
- 26 1. Occupational regulations shall be construed and applied
- 27 to increase economic opportunities, promote competition, and
- 28 encourage innovation.
- 29 2. If the state finds it is necessary to displace
- 30 competition, the state shall use the least restrictive
- 31 regulation to protect consumers from present, significant, and
- 32 substantiated harms that threaten public health or safety. The
- 33 policy of employing the least restrictive regulation shall
- 34 presume that market competition and private remedies are
- 35 sufficient to protect consumers. If necessary, regulations

- 1 shall be tailored to meet the predominate identified need to
 2 protect consumers as follows:
- 3 a. If a regulation is intended to protect consumers against
- 4 fraud, the appropriate state action shall be to strengthen
- 5 powers under deceptive trade practices acts.
- 6 b. If a regulation is intended to protect consumers against
- 7 unsanitary facilities and general health or safety concerns,
- 8 the appropriate state action shall be to require periodic
- 9 inspections.
- 10 c. If a regulation is intended to protect a consumer against
- 11 potential damages to a third party who is not a party to a
- 12 contract between the seller and buyer, and other types of
- 13 externalities, the appropriate state action shall be to require
- 14 bonding or insurance.
- 15 d. If a regulation is intended to protect a consumer against
- 16 potential damages by transient providers, the appropriate state
- 17 action shall be to require registration with the secretary of
- 18 state.
- 19 e. If a regulation is intended to protect a consumer
- 20 against asymmetrical information between the seller and buyer,
- 21 the appropriate state action shall be to offer voluntary
- 22 certification, unless appropriate, privately offered voluntary
- 23 certification for the relevant occupation is available.
- 24 f. If a regulation is intended to facilitate governmental
- 25 reimbursement for providing medical services for an emerging
- 26 medical specialty, the appropriate state action shall be
- 27 to require a specialty occupational license for medical
- 28 reimbursement. A person shall not be required to hold a
- 29 specialty occupational license for medical reimbursement in
- 30 order to lawfully provide a medical service for an emerging
- 31 medical specialty; however, a person providing a medical
- 32 service for an emerging medical specialty without a specialty
- 33 occupational license for medical reimbursement shall not
- 34 receive governmental reimbursement for providing that service.
- 35 A specialty occupational license for medical reimbursement

- 1 shall not restrict governmental reimbursement for services
- 2 similar to the regulated service that may be provided by other
- 3 regulated persons.
- 4 g. If a regulation is required to perform services
- 5 regulated by both federal laws and the laws of this state,
- 6 the appropriate state action shall be to require the state
- 7 to recognize an individual's occupational license from
- 8 another state or territory of the United States to allow that
- 9 individual to practice in this state.
- 10 3. An occupational regulation may be enforced against an
- ll individual only to the extent the individual sells goods and
- 12 services that are included explicitly in the statute that
- 13 defines the occupation's scope of practice.
- 14 4. This chapter shall not restrict an occupational
- 15 licensing board from requiring, as a condition of licensure
- 16 or renewal of licensure, that an individual's personal
- 17 qualifications include obtaining or maintaining certification
- 18 from a private organization that credentials individuals in the
- 19 relevant occupation.
- 20 Sec. 20. NEW SECTION. 4B.3 Local licensing preemption.
- 21 1. This chapter preempts any ordinance or other local law
- 22 or regulation which conflicts with or is inconsistent with any
- 23 policy of the state expressed in this chapter by any political
- 24 subdivision that regulates an occupation or profession that is
- 25 not regulated by the state.
- 26 2. This chapter does not apply to the regulation of a place
- 27 of business by an ordinance, permit, or license.
- 28 DIVISION III
- 29 ACCOUNTABLE GOVERNMENT ACT REPORTS
- 30 Sec. 21. Section 8E.210, Code 2021, is amended by adding the
- 31 following new subsection:
- 32 NEW SUBSECTION. 1A. In addition to the requirements
- 33 of subsection 1, an agency's annual performance report
- 34 shall include a description of how the agency improved
- 35 efficiency, modernized processes, eliminated duplication and

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- 1 outdated processes, reduced costs, increased accountability,
- 2 expanded the use of technology, and incorporated productivity
- 3 improvement measures. The section of the annual performance
- 4 report addressing the factors listed in this subsection shall
- 5 be submitted to the state government committee of each chamber
- 6 of the general assembly and made publicly available on the
- 7 internet site of the general assembly.
- 8 DIVISION IV
- 9 PROFESSIONAL LICENSING BOARD EXAMINATIONS
- 10 Sec. 22. Section 272C.12, subsection 3, paragraph c, Code
- 11 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 12 c. The ability of a licensing board, agency, or department
- 13 to require a person to take and pass an examination specific to
- 14 the laws of this state prior to issuing a license. A licensing
- 15 board, agency, or department that requires an applicant to take
- 16 and pass an examination specific to the laws of this state
- 17 shall issue an applicant a temporary license that is valid
- 18 for a period of three months and may be renewed once for an
- 19 additional period of three months, except that a licensing
- 20 board, agency, or department shall not issue a temporary
- 21 license if the applicant can take the examination within thirty
- 22 days of submitting an application.
- 23 DIVISION V
- 24 EFFECTIVE DATE
- 25 Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of
- 26 immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.